Paleo, low carb, vegan, intermittent fasting... What's the best diet?

JOHN BERARDI, PHD, CSCS

For presentation notes:

www.precisionnutrition.com/best-diet-seminar

Paleo, low carb, vegan, intermittent fasting...What's the best diet?

- Thanks for attending our recent seminar!
- Just share your name and email address below.
- And we'll send you the presentation notes...for free.





Paleo, low carb, vegan, intermittent fasting... What's the best diet?

- Thanks for attending our recent seminar!
- Just share your name and email address below.
- And we'll send you the presentation notes...for free.

First name
Email address

Send me the presentation notes!

From an award-winning journalist:

I've visited your website and I'm still not sure: Do you guys believe in... Paleo? Or is your advice closer to... Canada's food quide?

From a TV broadcaster:

Your coaching program sounds great. But, if I were to sign up for it, would I have to cut out all my carbs?

From a production assistant on a TV program:

I have a friend who's vegan and she's super healthy. I'm thinking of trying it... what do you think?

Paleo?

Mediterranean?

Vegan?

Low Carb?

High Carb?

Fasting?

Breakfast?

What's the best diet?



John's Amazon.com Today's Deals Gift Cards Sell Help



Shop by Department -

Search

All + det

Helia, John Your Account -



Advertisement Q

Departments

Grocery & Gourmet Food Herbal Tea Beverages

Books

Weight Loss Diets Other Diet Books Health, Fitness & Dieting

Nutrition Natural Food Cooking

+ See more...

Health & Personal Care

Weight Loss Products Weight Loss Supplements Appetite Control & Suppressants Fat Burner Supplements Weight Loss Shakes & Powders Vitamin B6 Supplements **CLA Weight Loss Supplements**

Raspberry Ketones Supplements

. See All 34 Departments

Eligible for Free Shipping

Free Shipping by Amazon

Brand

- Hollywood Miracle Diet
- □ liporidex Lipozene
- NatureWise
- NatureWise
- YoungYou International
- O alli
- Hill's Prescription Diet. ☐ Hill's Science Diet
- Purina Veterinary Diets
- Veterinary Diets Royal Canin Veterinary Diet
- Amino Diet



Turbo Charge Your Results w/ Liporidex - Sale Now!

Shop now ▶

"diet"

Related Searches: diet pills, diet pills that work fast for women, weight loss.

Showing 1 - 16 of 148,160 Results

Choose a Department v to enable sorting

The Hungry Girl Diet: Big Portions. Big Results. Drop 10 Pounds in 4 Weeks by Lillen, Lisa (Mar 25, 2014)

\$10,99 Kindle Edition

Auto-delivered wirelessly

\$26.00 \$15.24 Hardcover Ahime

Order in the next 32 hours and get it by Tuesday, Apr 1.

#1 Best Seller (in Weight Maintenance Diets



Fit is the New Skinny: The No-BS Truth About Getting Thinner, Leaner, and Stronger (The Build Muscle, Get Lean... by Michael Matthews (Jan 5, 2014)

\$0.00 Kindle Edition

Auto-delivered wirelessly

治治治治(合) (66)

Books: See all 93.142 items



Liporidex MAX w/ Green Coffee - Ultra Formula Thermogenic Weight Loss Supplement Fat Burner Metabolism Booster... by liporidex

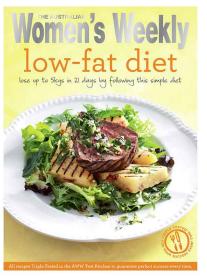
\$40.00 \$44.99 Arrive

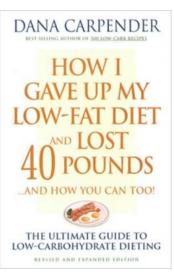
Order in the next 32 hours and get it by Tuesday, Apr 1.

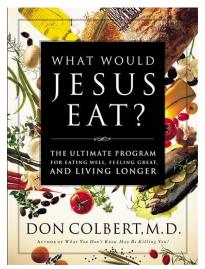
More Buying Choices \$39.99 new (5 offers) 南京市市市 (828)

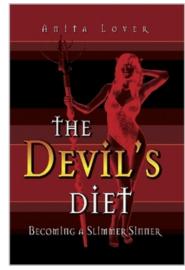
FREE Shipping and 2 more promotions :

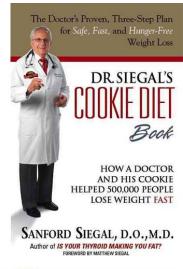
Health & Personal Care: See all 19,637 items

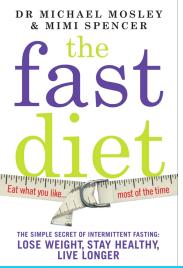


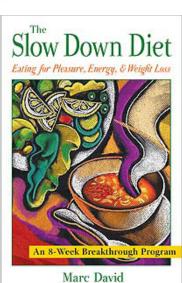


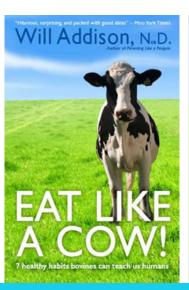


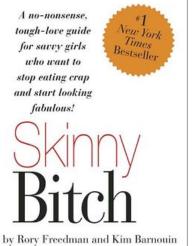


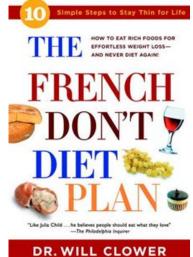












About 325,000,000 results (0.48 seconds)

Herbal Magic® Diet Plan 1 (800) 798 1805

www.herbalmagic.ca/OfficialSite -

Free Cookbook w/ Sign Up

Lose the First 20lbs on Us. Results Guaranteed or Your Money Back!

9 37 Main St E, Grimsby, ON

Weight Loss for Men

Free Consultation

Weight Loss for Women

1 Trick To Lose Fat - TryGCBX.com

www.trygcbx.com/ -

Cut Pounds Of Stomach Fat Every Week By Using This 1 Weird Old Tip

Slimband - Stop Dieting - Forget About Diets Forever

www.slimband.com/ -

Learn About the Slimband Clinic.

Free Consultation - Contact Us - Success Stories - How It Works

Weight Loss & Diet Plans - Find healthy diet plans and helpful ...

www.webmd.com/diet/default.htm -

From healthy **diet** plans to helpful weight loss tools, here you'll find the latest **diet** news and information.

Food & Fitness Planner - Bad Foods that Help You Lose - The Flat Belly Diet

Diet (nutrition) - Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diet (nutrition) -

In nutrition, **diet** is the sum of food consumed by a person or other organism. **Dietary** habits are the habitual decisions an individual or culture makes when ...

Diet - Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diet -

Diet may refer to: Food[edit source | edit]. Diet (nutrition), the sum of the food consumed by an organism or group; Dieting, the deliberate selection of food to ...

Diet Plans That Work - US News Best Diets

health.usnews.com/best-diet -

Diets A-Z. See the full list of **diets** that U.S. News has evaluated, including 4 that are new: Flexitarian, Traditional Asian, Engine 2, and Anti-Inflammatory **Diet**.

Ads (i)

Jenny Craig®Official Site

www.jennycraig.com/At-Home -

Get Started w/ Jenny Craig At Home! Food Delivered Right to Your Door.

"Garcinia Cambogia" by Oz

www.miraclegarciniacambogia.com/ ▼ Hailed as the "Holy Grail" of

Weight Loss. Try it Today.

The Right Diet For You

www.toyourhealthweightloss.ca/**Diet** ▼ 1 (905) 538 8420

Lose Weight, Maintain Your Results. We'll Help You Stop Yo-Yo Dieting.

How to Lose Belly Fat

www.realdose.com/Weight-Loss ▼

1 (877) 986 4238

Take control of your hormones now! Learn the 3 keys to weight loss

Bowflex® TreadClimber®

www.treadclimber.ca/ -

(800) 741-0880

Payments Less than a Gym Membership Check Site For Limited Offers Now!

Your Diet Can Be Easy:

www.beyonddiet.com/Lose-Weight-Diet ▼ Join a Winning Diet Plan Tailored

To Your Body Type! Start Losing Now

Specialty Diet & Exercise

www.smithholisticfitness.com/ -

Fast Fat Loss-Easy **Diet**-Healthy-Losing Weight

See your ad here »

- The Paleo Diet!

- The Mediterranean Diet!

- The Plant-Based Diet!

- Intermittent Fasting

What's the best diet?

This is the wrong question to ask.

(And the wrong one to answer.)

Let's put an end to the diet debates.

VIEWPOINT

Sherry L. Pagoto, PhD University of Massachusetts Medical School, Worcester.

Bradley M. Appelhans, Rush University Medical Center Chicago, Illinois.

Author Reading at jama.com

A Call for an End to the Diet Debates

to end the pursuit of the "ideal" diet for weight loss and disease prevention. The dietary debate in the scientific community and reported in the media about the optimal macronutrient-focused weight loss diet sheds little light on the treatment of obesity and may mislead the public regarding proper weight management. Numerous randomized trials comparing diets differing in macronutrient compositions (eg. low-carbohydrate, lowfat, Mediterranean) have demonstrated differences in weight loss and metabolic risk factors that are small (ie. a mean difference of <1 kg) and inconsistent. In the past year alone, 4 meta-analyses of diet comparison studies have been published, each summarizing 13 to 24 trials. 1-4 The only consistent finding among the trials is that adherence—the degree to which participants continued in the program or met program goals for diet and physical activity-was most strongly associated with weight loss and improvement in disease-related outcomes. The long history of trials showing very modest differences suggests that additional trials comparing diets varving in macronutrient content most likely will not produce findings that would significantly

The ongoing diet debates expose the public to mixed messages emanating from various trials that have yielded little but have heavily reinforced a fad diet industry

advance the science of obesity. Progress in obesity management will require greater understanding of the biological, behavioral, and environmental factors associated with adherence to lifestyle changes including both diet and physical activity.

Macronutrient content may influence dietary adherence via the satiating properties of protein, carbohydrates, and fat. However, dietary content is only one of many factors influencing adherence. The assumption that one diet is optimal for all persons is counterproductive because this assumption ignores the variation in adherence influenced by food preferences. cultural or regional traditions, food availability, and food intolerances. These are independent of direct physiological effects of macronutrient composition on weight loss. The most important question is how to improve behavioral adherence.

There are 2 reasons the diet debates persist. First, the commercialization potential of breakthrough diets is substantial. Fad diets have created a multibilliondollar industry. The difference between fad diets is al-

As the obesity epidemic persists, the time has come most entirely related to macronutrient composition (eg. Zone, Atkins, South Beach, Dukan, Paleo). A second factor is the assumption that lifestyle interventions are ineffective. Poor adherence (and consequent weight regain) following the intervention is cited as evidence that these interventions do not work.5 This conclusion can be challenged because it assumes a definition for efficacy more stringent than that applied to other forms of preventive care.

Termination of treatment or nonadherence almost always results in reduced benefit. The effects of cholesterol-lowering agents, hypertension drugs, and diabetes medications do not have long-lasting effects after patients stop taking them, with effects declining within a matter of hours (eg, metformin) to months (eg, statins).

Just like medical therapies, behavioral interventions should only be expected to be effective when treatment is active. That lifestyle interventions are viewed as ineffective is especially surprising given that 3 large longterm trials demonstrated that the effects of a lifestyle intervention on diabetes prevention are actually sustained long after the intervention ends. 6-8 The Finnish Diabetes Prevention Study compared a 4-year lifestyle

> intervention with health education and found a reduction in diabetes incidence for as long as 13 years, 69 years after the active intervention ended. The China Da Qing Diabetes Prevention Study showed that a 6-year lifestyle intervention more effectively reduced diabetes risk than a control group for 20 years,8 14 years after the intervention ended. The Diabetes Prevention Program compared a lifestyle intervention with metformin and

placebo, but exposed the latter 2 groups to the lifestyle intervention 3 years into the study.7 Even though all groups eventually received some amount of lifestyle intervention, at 10 years the cumulative incidence of diabetes was lowest in the lifestyle intervention group; this intervention delayed onset of diabetes by 4 years relative to 2 years in the metformin group. Current efforts need to understand the common factors of these trials, all of which involved multipronged interventions involving dietary and exercise counseling and behavioral modification. The pursuit of the ideal macronutrient content diet is unidimensional, ignoring 2 of the 3 major components of standard lifestyle interventions: behavioral modification and exercise. To consider lifestyle interventions as diets ignores their complexity, with behavioral modification as the piece that specifically ad-

Another important research question is how to improve the scalability of lifestyle interventions. Despite the evidence, lifestyle interventions may have been used sparingly in clinical practice because reimbursement is

inadequate. In December 2011, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) appounced that it would reimburse lifestyle interventions but limited this coverage to primary care physicians, physician assistants, and nurse practitioners. The restriction to primary care practitioners will limit implementation of lifestyle interventions because primary care practitioners are not usually familiar with behavioral counseling for weight loss. These clinicians also may not have the time or resources to deliver intensive lifestyle interventions, as evidenced by a recent steady decline in obesity counseling by primary care physicians. 9 The number and duration of visits that will be reimbursed by CMS are also less than that studied in clini-

In a shrinking funding environment for both health care and but have not received the necessary support to be widely imple- style interventions.

mented. The ongoing diet debates expose the public to mixed messages emanating from various trials that have yielded little but have heavily reinforced a fad diet industry that derives billions of dollars from a nation that is not getting healthier. Because behavioral adherence is much more important than diet composition, the best approach is to counsel patients to choose a dietary plan they find easiest to adhere to in the long term. Patients should develop an appropriate physical activity program and learn behavioral modification to promote long-term adherence. Although research specifically focused on improving adherence is ongoing, the number of studies being conducted is small compared with head-tohead macronutrient-focused diet comparison studies. Advancing obesity treatment requires emphasis on the biological, behavioral, research, it is puzzling that the diet debate continues when lifestyle and environmental factors influencing adherence to lifestyle interventions with well-established long-term efficacy are available changes and developing reimbursement strategies to support life-

ARTICLE INFORMATION

Conflict of Interest Disclosures: The authors have completed and submitted the ICMJE Form for Disclosure of Potential Conflicts of Interest, Dr. Pagoto reported that she is on the Advisory Board of Mobile Wellbeing Inc.

REFERENCES

- 1. Ajala O, English P, Pinkney J. Systematic review and meta-analysis of different dietary approaches to the management of type 2 diabetes. Am J Clin Nutr. 2013:97(3):505-516.
- 2. Wycherley TP, Moran LJ, Clifton PM, Noakes M. Brinkworth GD. Effects of energy-restricted high-protein, low-fat compared with standard-protein, low-fat diets: a meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. Am J Clin Nutr. 2012:96(6):1281-1298.
- 3. Hu T, Mills KT, Yao L, et al. Effects of low-carbohydrate diets versus low-fat diets on metabolic risk factors: a meta-analysis of randomized controlled clinical trials. Am I Epidemiol. 2012:176(suppl 7):544-554.
- 4. Bueno NB, de Melo IS, de Oliveira SL, da Rocha Ataide T. Very-low-carbohydrate ketogenic diet v. low-fat diet for long-term weight loss: a meta-analysis of randomised controlled trials [published online May 7, 2013]. Br J Nutr. 2013;1-10.
- 5. Bacon L, Aphramor L. Weight science: evaluating the evidence for a paradigm shift [published online January 24, 2011]. Nutr J. doi:10.1186/1475-2891-
- 6. Lindström J, Peltonen M, Eriksson JG, et al; Finnish Diahetes Prevention Study (DPS), Improved lifestyle and decreased diabetes risk over 13 years:

long-term follow-up of the randomised Finnish Diabetes Prevention Study (DPS). Diabetologia. 2013:56(2):284-293.

- 7. Knowler WC. Fowler SE. Hamman RF. et al: Diabetes Prevention Program Research Group. 10-year follow-up of diabetes incidence and weight oss in the Diabetes Prevention Program Outcomes Study. Lancet. 2009;374(9702):1677-1686.
- 8. Li G. Zhang P. Wang J. et al. The long-term effect of lifestyle interventions to prevent diabetes in the China Da Qing Diabetes Prevention Study: a 20-year follow-up study. Lancet. 2008;371(9626):
- Kraschnewski JL, Sciamanna CN, Stuckev HL. et al. A silent response to the obesity epidemic decline in US physician weight counseling, Med Care. 2013;51(2):186-192.

Corresponding Author: Sherry L. of Preventive and Behavioral Medicine. Department of

Pagoto, PhD, Division Medicine, University of Massachusetts Medical School, 55 Lake Ave N. Worcester, MA 01655 (sherry.pagoto @umassmed.edu).

JAMA August 21, 2013 Volume 310, Number 7 687

"Numerous trials comparing diets differing in macronutrient composition has demonstrated ...

... very small (< 1kg) and inconsistent differences in weight loss and metabolic risk factors."

JAMA: Adherence is the only thing that matters. "In 2013 four meta-analyses were published summarizing between 13 and 24 major trials...

... adherence is the only consistent factor associated with weight loss and disease-related outcomes."

What's the bottom line?

It's not about the food!

A look at traditional diets:

- -Arctic Inuit and African Masai
- -South Pacific Kitavans
- -New Zealand Tokelau

The human body is amazingly adaptable to varied food conditions.

Taking it a little further:

It's not just about the food!

Other factors at work:

- -Food preferences
- -Food tolerance
- -Cultural or religious tradition
- -Food availability
- -Food budget

And other factors:

- -Body type
- -Starting Point
- -Nutrition beliefs
- -Time availability
- -Food know-how

Imagine:

"I know you have a super-low budget for food. But if you sell your car, or maybe one of your children, you'll be able to afford the organic and freerange whole foods we recommend in our program. That's the ONLY way to get healthy and fit."

Imagine:

"Carbs? You're not alone. We all like 'em. But this program is all about cutting way back. Low carb is what works, period. Insulin is the enemy. So say goodbye to past. Potatoes too. And rice. And sugar..."

Imagine:

"Sure, I understand the moral and ethical obligation you feel. But eating animal foods...that's how we do it. You need the protein and the fat. And that's how our ancestors ate. So suck it up, throw a steak on the grill, and let's get the party started."

Belonging to one nutrition camp is the anthesis of good care.

To be a good practitioner, you have to be a nutritional agnostic.

The diet debates are fantastic:

For the diet industry,

which collects billions in revenue...

But horrible for medicine, crippling obesity & metabolic costs...

And it's obviously not helping w/the weight or health of the average person.

It's time to seize our biggest opportunity:

- -Put an end the misguided diet (macronutrient) debates.
- -Stop engaging in "what diet is best?" discussions altogether.
- -Start focusing on the real factors that lead to sustainable body change.

How do we accomplish that?

This is NOT how it works:

TAKING THE GUESSWORK OUT OF THE HCG DIET

All your meals + fruits and breadsticks conveniently delivered to your home or office.



SAMPLE WEEK

MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT*	SUN*
LUNCH	LUNCH	LUNCH	LUNCH	LUNCH	LUNCH	LUNCH
Pesto Chicken Rustic Tomato Soup	Carne Asada Spinach Salad with Mexican Dressing	Gingered Steak Mixed Greens with Citrus Ginger Dressing	Caribbean Jerk Tilapia Cucumber Salad	Italian Chicken Lemon Roasted Asparagus	Citrus Fish Sautéed Spinach	Ground Beef Stuffed Tomatoes
1 Protein, 1 Vegetable	1 Protein, 1 Vegetable, .5 Fruit	1 Protein, 1 Vegetable, .5 Fruit	1 Protein, 1 Vegetable	1 Protein, 1 Vegetable	1 Protein, 1 Vegetable, .5 Fruit	1 Protein, 1 Vegetable, 1 Bread
SNACKS	SNACKS	SNACKS	SNACKS	SNACKS	SNACKS	SNACKS
1 Orange 1 Apple, 2 Breadstick 2 Fruit, 2 Bread	5 Strawberries .5 Orange 1 Breadstick 1.5 Fruit, 1 Bread	.5 Orange 1 Apple 2 Breadsticks 1.5 Fruit, 2 Bread	.5 Grapefruit 5 Strawberries 2 Breadstick 2 Fruit, 2 Bread	5 Strawberries .5 Orange 2 Breadsticks 1.5 Fruit, 2 Bread	.5 Orange 1 Apple, 2 Breadsticks 1.5 Fruit, 2 Bread	.5 Grapefruit 5 Strawberries 1 Breadsticks 2 Fruit, 1 Bread
	DINNER	DINNER	DINNER	DINNER	DINNER	DINNER
Thai Spiced Ground Beef Thai Cucumber Salad	Cajun Baked Tilapia Sautéed Asparagus	BBQ Chicken Grilled Tomatoes	Hamburger Coleslaw	Sweet Orange Pepper Shrimp Asian "Rice"	Bistec Entomatado	Ginger Soy Grilled Chicken Soy Cucumber Salad
1 Protein, 1 Vegetable	1 Protein, 1 Vegetable, 1 Bread	1 Protein, 1 Vegetable	1 Protein, 1 Vegetable	1 Protein, 1 Vegetable, .5 Fruit	1 Protein, 1 Vegetable	1 Protein, 1 Vegetable
* DELIVERED WITH FRIDAY'S MEALS						

Sustainable nutrition interventions:

Build habits slowly, strategically, and progressively over time.

Seemingly opposite interventions can all work:

- -Raise awareness and attention
- -Focus on food quality
- -Help eliminate nutrient deficiency
- -Control appetite and food intake
- -Promote regular exercise

How can we implement such an approach?

Only one new practice at a time.

- -1 thing = 85% chance of success
- -2 things = 35% chance of success
- -3 things = 10% chance of success

Ideal practices:

- -Done daily
- -Easy to understand/measure
- -Feel small but strategic
- -Inspire confidence

Ideal practices:

But they must also tackle the most important limiting factors first.

What's the framework?

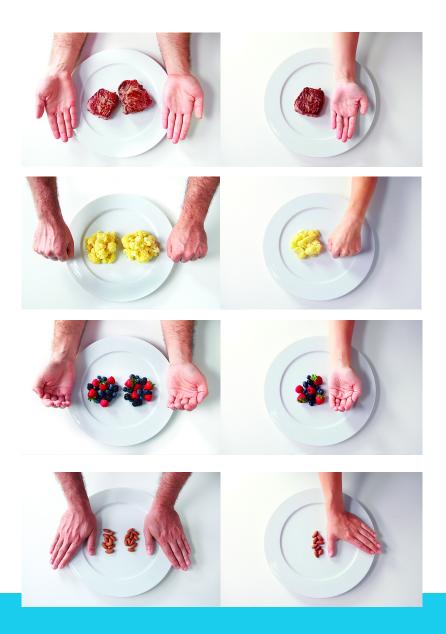
- -What really matters?
- -How can you measure it?
- -What should you recommend?
- -How do you follow-up?

The most important things:

- -Nutrient deficiencies
 - -Water
 - -Vitamin/mineral
 - -Protein
 - -Omega 3s

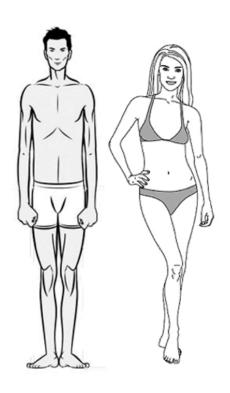
The most important things:

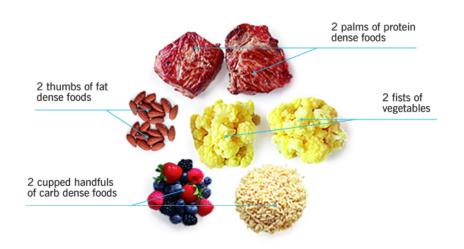
- -Food amount
 - -No calorie counting
 - -Use visual depictions of portions



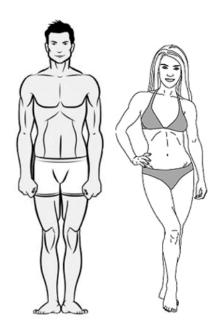
The most important things:

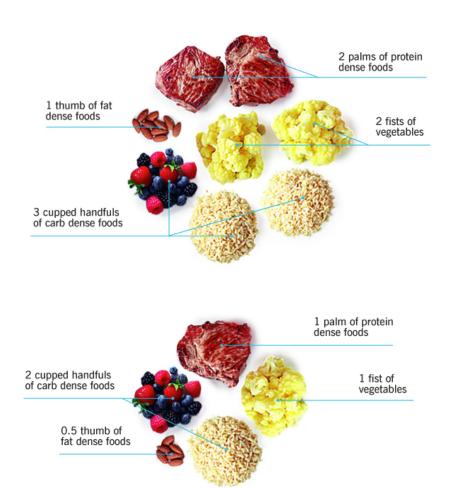
- -Food and nutrient breakdown
 - -Body type recommendations

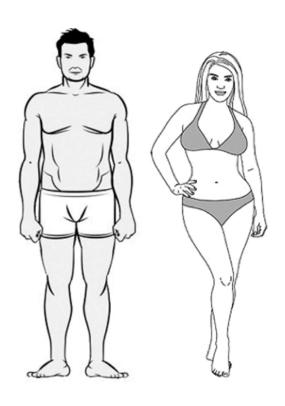


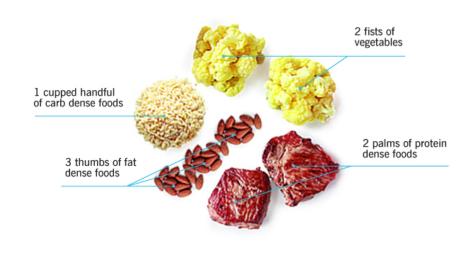














Summary:

- -Stop the "which diet is best" game
- -Start looking for common themes
- -Use what we know about change
- -Anchor around a triage system

For presentation notes:

www.precisionnutrition.com/best-diet-seminar

Questions?